Botswana 4.4 Cabo Verde 4.6	Egypt 3.4	Guinea-Bissau	Mauritania 4.8	Rep. A. Saharawi	Sudan 1.9	2017 Benchmark 3.9
4.3 Cameroon	Djibouti 3.2	Guinea 3.3	Mali 5.6	Rwanda 6.1	South Sudan	Zimbabwe 3.2
Angola 2.1 Burkina Faso 4.2	DR Congo	Ghana 3.9	Malawi 4.9	Nigeria 3.4	South Africa	Zambia 3.6
Algeria n.a Burundi 4.7	Côte d'Ivoire 3.5	Gambia 3.1	Madagascar 3.1	Niger 3.5	Somalia n.a	Uganda 4.5
e minimum score bo Declaration, e <u>on TRACK</u> , and <u>cx</u> for the 2017 embly.	Congo 2.8	Gabon 2.9	Libya n.a	Namibia 4.1	Sierra Leone	Tunisia 1.7
ut of 10 which is the lementing the Mala bears in "green" are al" are NOT ON TRAGE IN TRAGE I	Comoros	Ethiopia 5.3	Liberia 0.9	Mozambique 4.1	Seychelles 4.0	Togo 4.9
Against the 2017 Benchmark of 3.9 out of 10 which is the minimum score for a country to be on track for implementing the Malabo Declaration, countries which score (out of 10) appears in "green" are ON TRACK, and countries which score appears in "red" are NOT ON TRACK for the 2017 reporting exercise to the Jaunary 2018 AU Assembly.	Chad 2.2	Eritrea n.a	Lesotho 3.7	Morocco 5.5	Senegal 3.8	Tanzania 3.1
017 y to y to lich s hich	Central African Rep.	Equatorial Guinea 3.6		Mauritius 5.0	São Tomé & Príncipe	Swaziland 4.0

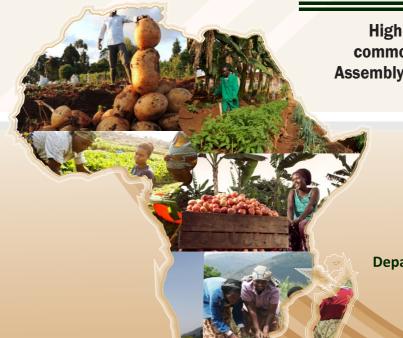




ASSEMBLY OF THE UNION Thirtieth (30th) Ordinary Session 28th – 29th January 2018 Addis Ababa, ETHIOPIA

AFRICA AGRICULTURE TRANSFORMATION SCORECARD

The 2017 progress report to the Assembly



Highlights on Intra-African trade for agriculture commodities and services: Risks and Opportunities Assembly Decision (Assembly/AU/2(XXIII)) of June 2014

Department of Rural Economy and Agriculture (DREA)

Ethiopia scores **5.3** /10 and is On track in implementing the Malabo Declaration on Agriculture transformation in Africa ...

Highlights of the 5 key areas of strong performance of the Country:

100%

for CAADP Process Completion. 86%
for inclusive
institutionalized
mechanisms
for mutual
accountability

and peer review.

16.8%

of public
agriculture
expenditure as
a share of total
public
expenditure.

89%

of farmers having access to agriculture advisory services. 55%

of farm, pastoral, and fisher households are resilient to climate and weather related shocks.

Highlights of the 5 key areas that require the country's attention:

32%

of the population is undernourished.

24%

prevalence of underweight among children under 5 years old. -5.4%

increase of agricultural value added per agricultural worker. 2.3%

annual growth
of the
agriculture
value added
(agricultural
GDP).

-0.1%

increase of the value of intra-Africa trade of agricultural commodities and services.

Recommendations

- Ethiopia should invest in nutrition interventions to reduce malnutrition among children under 5 years old.
- The country should implement measures aimed at doubling agricultural productivity to meet the related Malabo target.
- The country should facilitate access of men and women engaged in agriculture, to financial and agricultural advisory services as one of the key interventions to enhance investment in the sector.

2017 Country Scorecard for implementing Malabo Declaration

Country Name Ethiopia												
Malabo Commitments Areas (T)				(T)		Commitments Categories (C)						
No.	Item	T-score out of 10	Minimum for 2017	T-progress	No.	ltem	C-score out of 10	Minimum for 2017	C-Progress			
1	Re-committing to CAADP Process	8.85	<u>3.33</u>	On track	PC 1.1	Completing National CAADP Process	10.00	<u>3.33</u>	On track			
					PC 1.2	Establishing CAADP based Cooperation, Partnership & Alliance	8.66	<u>3.33</u>	On track			
					PC 1.3	Establishing CAADP based Policy & Institutional Review/ Setting/ Support	7.90	<u>3.33</u>	On track			
	Enhancing Investment Finance in Agriculture	4.53	<u>6.67</u>	Not on track	PC 2.1	Public Expenditures in Agriculture	9.06	10.00	Not on track			
2					PC 2.2	Domestic Private Sector Investment in Agriculture, Agribusiness, Agro-Ind.	-	=	0.0			
					PC 2.3	Foreign Private Sector Investment in Agriculture, Agribusiness, Agro-Ind.	-	=	0.0			
					PC 2.4	Enhancing access to finance	0.00	<u>3.33</u>	Not on track			
3	Ending Hunger by 2025	3.16	<u>3.71</u>	Not on track	PC 3.1	Access to Agriculture inputs and technologies	6.03	<u>5.53</u>	On track			
					PC 3.2	Doubling agricultural Productivity	0.36	<u>1.00</u>	Not on track			
					PC 3.3	Reduction of Post-Harvest Loss	0.00	<u>1.00</u>	Not on track			
					PC 3.4	Strengthening Social Protection	9.20	<u>10.00</u>	Not on track			
					PC 3.5	Improving Food security and Nutrition	0.23	<u>1.00</u>	Not on track			
4	Halving Poverty through Agriculture by 2025	2.74	<u>2.06</u>	On track	PC 4.1	Sustaining Agricultural GDP for Poverty Reduction	0.97	<u>3.25</u>	Not on track			
					PC 4.2	Establishing Inclusive PPPs for commodity value chains	10.00	<u>1.00</u>	On track			
					PC 4.3	Creating job for Youth in agricultural value chains	0.00	1.00	Not on track			
					PC 4.4	Women participation in Agri-business	0.00	<u>3.00</u>	Not on track			
5	Boosting Intra- African Trade in Agriculture Commodities	3.23	1.00	On track	PC 5.1	Tripling Intra-African Trade for agriculture commodities and services	0.00	<u>1.00</u>	Not on track			
					PC 5.2	Establishing Intra-African Trade Policies and institutional conditions	6.47	<u>1.00</u>	On track			
6	Enhancing Resilience to Climate Variability	5.49	<u>6.00</u>	Not on track	PC 6.1	Ensuring Resilience to climate related risks	7.44	2.00	On track			
					PC 6.2	Investment in resilience building	3.53	<u>10.00</u>	Not on track			
7	Mutual Accountability for Actions and Results	9.43	<u>4.78</u>	On track	PC 7.1	Increasing country capacity for evidence based planning, impl. and M&E	10.00	<u>1.00</u>	On track			
					PC 7.2	Fostering Peer Review and Mutual Accountability	8.61	<u>3.33</u>	On track			
					PC 7.3	Conducting a Biennial Agriculture Review Process	9.68	10.00	Not on track			
	Overall Country Score 5.35					Overall Progress On track			k			
The 2017 Benchmark is 3.94 which is the miminum overall SCORE for a country to be on track in 2017.												